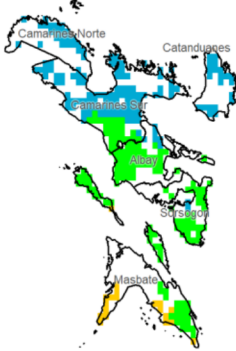


# Region V (Bicol Region)

Water Availability for Rice  
Prevailing Stage : None

Harvesting and/or pre-planting stage is possibly ongoing.

Water Availability for Corn  
Prevailing Stage : (II) Vegetative



## Provincial Values

Province	Mon. Ave. Rainfall (mm)	Rice		Corn	
		CS	CCI (%)	CS	CCI (%)
Albay	208.8	I	92.6	I	182.2
		II	85.5	II	133.1
		III	82.1	III	106.1
		IV	82.1	IV	131.6
Camarines Norte	480.5	I	288.0	I	507.1
		II	271.0	II	395.0
		III	263.2	III	330.4
		IV	263.2	IV	391.7
Camarines Sur	350.8	I	189.3	I	386.6
		II	176.0	II	288.5
		III	170.0	III	235.0
		IV	170.0	IV	285.7
Catanduanes	687.8	I	380.0	I	669.4
		II	356.1	II	521.2
		III	345.0	III	435.4
		IV	345.0	IV	516.8
Masbate	77.2	I	25.8	I	73.8
		II	22.5	II	45.3
		III	21.1	III	31.3
		IV	21.1	IV	44.6
Sorsogon	189.0	I	96.3	I	200.2
		II	88.5	II	141.6
		III	84.9	III	111.1
		IV	84.9	IV	140.0

Crop Stage (CS) highlighted in black is the dominant stage during the month of November

Rice CS: (I) Nursery, (II) Vegetative, (III) Reproductive, (IV) Ripening  
 Corn CS: (I) Establishment, (II) Vegetative, (III) Reproductive, (IV) Maturity

CCI Category: Inadequate (yellow), Sufficient (green), Excess (blue)

## Regional Summary

During the month, the northern part of the region suffered from the excessive amount of water supply brought by several atmospheric disturbances including the passage of super typhoon Pepito from 12 to 18 November 2024. Based on the RX1day (maximum 1-day rainfall) and RX5day (maximum 5-day rainfall), extreme rainfall events that may cause severe flooding was observed in provinces of Catanduanes, Camarines Norte, and northern part of Camarines Sur.

The SPEI3 (3-month accumulated rainfall) shows that majority of the provinces in the region are in near normal to slightly wetter conditions. Meanwhile, the NDVI map illustrates that the central part of Camarines Sur might have suffered from crop stress due to possibly flooding.

